

50MHz - 6000MHz

Device Features

- Integrate DSA to AMP Functionality
- 50-6000MHz Broadband Performance
- Wide VDD Range
 AMP: 3.3V to 5.25V
 DSA: 2.7V to 5.5V
- Low current: 85mA @ 5V, 48mA @ 3.3V
- High Gain
 - 18.7dB @ 1.9GHz, 17dB @ 3.5GHz (VDD=5V) 18.2dB @ 1.9GHz, 16.5dB @ 3.5GHz (VDD=3.3V)
- High OP1dB
 - 20.8dBm @ 1.9GHz, 20.0dBm @ 3.5GHz (VDD=5V) 17.9dBm @ 1.9GHz, 16.8dBm @ 3.5GHz (VDD=3.3V)
- High OIP3
 - 36.9dBm @ 1.9GHz, 37.5dBm @ 3.5GHz (VDD=5V) 33.3dBm @ 1.9GHz, 33.4dBm @ 3.5GHz (VDD=3.3V)
- Noise Figure at max gain setting
 2.1dB @ 1.9GHz, 2.8dB @ 3.5GHz
- Attenuation Range: Up to 31.75dB / 0.25dB step
- Safe attenuation state transitions
- Excellent attenuation accuracy ±(0.25 + 3% x ATT) @ 1.9GHz ±(0.25 + 5% x ATT) @ 3.5GHz
- Programming modes
 - Serial mode only to minimize Control line
- 3bit Addressable function LE/DATA/CLK can be shared up to 8EA Chips
- Lead-free/RoHS2-compliant 24-lead 4mm x 4mm x 0.9mm QFN SMT package

Product Description

The BVA1761 is a high performance, digitally controlled variable gain amplifier (DVGA) operating from 50MHz to 6GHz.

The BVA1761 integrates a high performance digital step attenuator (DSA) and a high linearity, broadband gain block amplifier operating voltage 3.3V to 5.25V DC within enable control using the small package (4x4mm QFN package).

Both DSA and gain block amplifier in BVA1761 are internally matched to 50 Ohms and It is easy to use with minimum external matching components required.

The BVA1761 can control 7bit attenuation to 0.25dB step up to 31.75dB and initialize to the maximum attenuation setting on power-up until next programming word is inputted.

In addition, Internal DSA has a 3-bit addressable function, so it can share up to 8 DSA's Latch Enable(LE), DATA and CLOCK(CLK) pin. This has the advantage of reducing the number of IO pins when using multiple DSA or DVGA chip with addressable function.

The BVA1761 is targeted for use in wireless infrastructure, point-topoint, or can be used for any general purpose wireless application.



24-lead 4mm x 4mm x 0.9mm QFN

Figure 1. Package Type

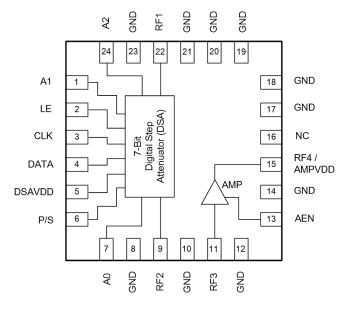


Figure 2. Functional Block Diagram

Application

- 5G/4G/3G Wireless infrastructure and other high performance RF application
- Microwave and Satellite Radio
- General purpose Wireless



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Table 1. Electrical Specifications¹ @ VDD = 5V

Parame	ter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operational Frequency	Range		50		6000	MHz
Gain ²		ATT = 0dB @ 3500MHz		17		dB
Attenuation Control ra	nge	0.25dB Step		0 - 31.75		dB
Attenuation Step				0.25		dB
	0.05GHz - 1GHz				\pm (0.25 + 2% of ATT setting)	
1GHz - 2GHz					\pm (0.25 + 3% of ATT setting)	
	2GHz - 3GHz				\pm (0.25 + 3% of ATT setting)	
Attenuation Accuracy	3GHz - 4GHz	Any bit or bit combination			\pm (0.25 + 5% of ATT setting)	dB
	4GHz - 5GHz				\pm (0.25 + 5% of ATT setting)	
5GHz - 6GHz					\pm (0.25 + 5% of ATT setting)	
	0.05GHz - 2GHz		-9	-11		
Input Return loss	2GHz - 4GHz	ATT = 0dB	-11	-14		dB
	4GHz - 6GHz		-12	-15		
	0.05GHz - 2GHz		-12	-14		
Output Return loss	2GHz - 4GHz	ATT = 0dB	-12	-15		dB
	4GHz - 6GHz		-8	-12		
Output Power for 1dB	Compression	ATT = 0dB @ 3500MHz		20		dBm
Output Third Order Int	ercept Point ³	ATT = 0dB @ 3500MHz		37.5		dBm
Noise Figure		ATT = 0dB @ 3500MHz		2.8		dB
DSA Switching time		50% CTRL to 90% or 10% RF		500	800	ns
AMP Switching time		50% CTRL to 90% or 10% RF		150		ns
Maximum Spurious level		Measured @ DSA RF1, RF2 ports		< -145		dBm
Impedance				50		Ω

^{1.} Device performance _ measured on a BeRex Evaluation board at 25°C, 50 Ω system, VDD=+5.0V, measure on Evaluation Board (DSA to AMP) 2. Gain data has PCB & Connectors insertion loss de-embedded 3. OIP3 _ measured with two tones at an output of 0dBm per tone separated by 1MHz.



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Table 2. Electrical Specifications @ VDD = 3.3V

Paramo	eter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operational Frequenc	y Range		50		6000	MHz
Gain ²		ATT = 0dB @ 3500MHz		16.5		dB
Attenuation Control ra	ange	0.25dB Step		0 - 31.75		dB
Attenuation Step				0.25		dB
	0.05GHz - 1GHz				\pm (0.25 + 2% of ATT setting)	
1GHz - 2GHz					\pm (0.25 + 3% of ATT setting)	
	2GHz - 3GHz				\pm (0.25 + 3% of ATT setting)	
Attenuation Accuracy	3GHz - 4GHz	Any bit or bit combination			\pm (0.25 + 5% of ATT setting)	dB
	4GHz - 5GHz				\pm (0.25 + 5% of ATT setting)	
5GHz - 6GHz]			\pm (0.25 + 5% of ATT setting)	
	0.05GHz - 2GHz		-9	-11		
Input Return loss	2GHz - 4GHz	ATT = 0dB	-10	-14		dB
	4GHz - 6GHz		-12	-15		
	0.05GHz - 2GHz		-12	-15		
Output Return loss	2GHz - 4GHz	ATT = 0dB	-12	-15		dB
	4GHz - 6GHz		-8	-12		
Output Power for 1dB	Compression	ATT = 0dB @ 3500MHz		16.8		dBm
Output Third Order In	tercept Point ³	ATT = 0dB @ 3500MHz		33.4		dBm
Noise Figure		ATT = 0dB @ 3500MHz		2.8		dB
DSA Switching time		50% CTRL to 90% or 10% RF		500	800	ns
AMP Switching time		50% CTRL to 90% or 10% RF	_	150		ns
Maximum Spurious level		Measured @ DSA RF1, RF2 ports		< -145		dBm
Impedance				50		Ω

^{1.} Device performance _ measured on a BeRex Evaluation board at 25°C, 50 Ω system, VDD=+3.3V, measure on Evaluation Board (DSA to AMP) 2. Gain data has PCB & Connectors insertion loss de-embedded

^{3.} OIP3 $_$ measured with two tones at an output of 0dBm per tone separated by 1MHz.



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Table 3. Typical RF Performance (VDD = 5.0V)¹

				Freque	ency				Unit
Parameter	70 ³	900 ⁴	1800 ⁵	2140 ⁵	2650⁵	3500 ⁶	4650 ⁷	5800 ⁸	MHz
Gain ⁹	20.9	20.0	18.7	18.6	18.0	17.0	16.0	15.3	dB
S11	-9.7	-14.1	-11.9	-14.6	-17.3	-11.0	-12.9	-16.4	dB
S22	-16.1	-15.9	-12.3	-17.8	-13.8	-13.3	-14.5	-9.9	dB
OIP3 ¹⁰	35.6	37.5	36.9	36.8	36.9	37.5	36.4	34.2	dBm
P1dB	20.8	21.8	20.9	20.6	20.6	20	19.2	17.4	dBm
Noise Figure	1.6	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.8	3.3	3.7	dB

Table 4. Typical RF Performance (VDD = 3.3V)²

	Frequency											
Parameter	70 ³	900 ⁴	1800 ⁵	2140 ⁵	2650 ⁵	3500 ⁶	4650 ⁷	5800 ⁸	MHz			
Gain ⁹	20.4	19.6	18.2	18.1	17.5	16.5	15.4	14.8	dB			
S11	-9.1	-13.1	-11.2	-13.4	-15.7	-10.5	-11.9	-15.3	dB			
S22	-14.9	-15.4	-12.6	-17.1	-12.5	-14.0	-12.9	-7.5	dB			
OIP3 ¹⁰	31.0	33.1	33.3	33.4	33.0	33.4	34.1	28.7	dBm			
P1dB	17.5	18.6	18.0	17.5	17.8	16.8	16.6	14.2	dBm			
Noise Figure	1.6	2.0	2.1	2.3	2.4	2.8	3.4	3.8	dB			

^{1.} Device performance $_$ measured on a BeRex evaluation board at 25°C, VDD=+5.0V, 50 Ω system. (DSA to AMP) 2. Device performance $_$ measured on a BeRex evaluation board at 25°C, VDD=+3.3V, 50 Ω system. (DSA to AMP) 3. 70MHz measured with application circuit refer to table 11.

^{4. 900}MHz measured with application circuit refer to table 14.
5. 1800MHz, 2140MHz, 2650MHz measured with application circuit refer to table 17.

^{6. 3500}MHz measured with application circuit refer to table 20.

^{7. 4650}MHz measured with application circuit refer to table 23.

^{8. 5800}MHz measured with application circuit refer to table 26. 9. Gain data has PCB & Connectors insertion loss de-embedded.

^{10.} OIP3 measured with two tones at an output of OdBm per tone separated by 1MHz



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Table 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	AMP / DSA			5.5 / 5.5	V
Supply Current	AMP			190	mA
Supply Current	DSA			1000	uA
	AMP Control Pin (AEN)	-0.3		5.25	٧
Digital input voltage	DSA Control Pin (LE, DATA, CLK, P/S, A0, A1, A2)	-0.3		3.6	٧
Maximum input power	AMP / DSA			0.5	dBm
Storage Temperature		-55		150	℃
Junction Temperature			150		℃

Operation of this device above any of these parameters may result in permanent damage.

Table 6. Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Frequency Range	DSA + AMP	50		6000	MHz
Comple Valtage VDD	AMP VDD	3.3	5	5.25	V
Supply Voltage, VDD	DSA VDD	2.7		5.5	V
	AMP ON @ VDD=5V	66	83	100	mA
Course IDD	AMP ON @ VDD=3.3V	39	48	57	mA
Current, IDD	AMP OFF			7	mA
	DSA	100	200	300	uA
AMP Control Voltage	AMP ON	0		0.6	V
[AEN]	AMP OFF	1.17		VDD	V
AEN pin Current	AMP OFF		150		uA
DCA Control Volto	Digital Input High	1.17		3.6	V
DSA Control Voltage	Digital Input Low	-0.3		0.6	V
DSA Control pin Current	Digital Input High			20	uA
Operating Temperature	DSA + AMP	-40		105	${\mathbb C}$

Specifications are not guaranteed over all recommended operating conditions.



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Figure 3. Pin Configuration (Top View)

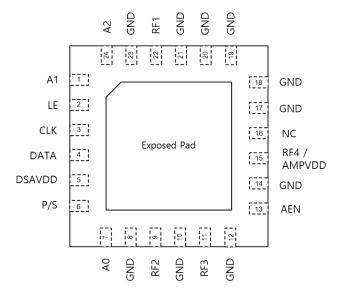


Table 7. Pin Description

Pin	Pin name	Description
1	A1	Address bit A1 connection.
2	LE	Latch Enable input
3	CLK	Serial interface clock input
4	DATA	Serial interface data input
5	DSAVDD	DSA Power Supply input
6	P/S	Serial Mode Select. This pin have to be set to HIGH.
7	Α0	Address bit A0 connection.
9	RF2 ¹	DSA output port (Attenuator RF Output) This pin should be connected to RF3(Pin 11) with DC blocking capacitor.
11	RF3	Amplifier RF Input This pin should be connected to RF2(Pin 9) with DC blocking capacitor.
13	AEN	Amplifier Enable input. Amplifier is enabled when this pin is set to Low .
15	RF4 / AMPVDD	Amplifier RF Output & Amplifier power supply input This pin is a final RF output port. (DSA + Amp structure)
22	RF1 ¹	DSA input port (Attenuator RF Input) This pin is a main RF input port. (DSA + Amp structure)
24	A2	Address bit A2 connection.
8, 10, 12, 14, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23	GND	Ground, These pins must be connected to ground
16	NC	

Note: 1. The RF pins do not require DC blocking capacitors for proper Operation if the 0V DC requirement is met.



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Programming Options

The BDA1761 is programmed to operate only in serial mode. It operates in serial mode when the P/S pin is High, and when P/S pin is low, the internal DSA is fixed as Max attenuation(31.75dB), so the P/S pin must be set to High to use the serial mode.

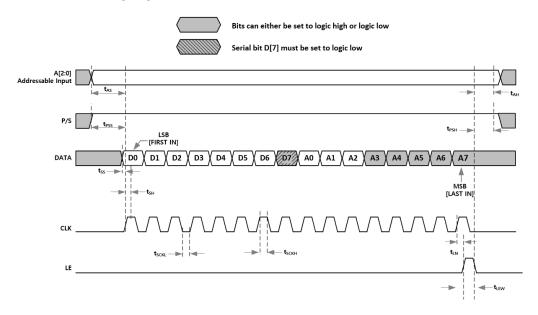
Serial Control Mode

The serial interface is a 7-bit shift register to shift in the data LSB (D0) first. It is controlled by three CMOS-compatible signals: DATA, CLK, and Latch Enable (LE).

Table 8. Truth Table for Serial Control Word

		Digital Control Input										
D7	D7 D6 D5 D4 D3 D2 D1 D0											
(MSB)							(LSB)	(dB)				
LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	0				
LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	HIGH	0.25				
LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	HIGH	LOW	0.5				
LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	HIGH	LOW	LOW	1.0				
LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	HIGH	LOW	LOW	LOW	2.0				
LOW	LOW	LOW	HIGH	LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	4.0				
LOW	LOW	HIGH	LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	8.0				
LOW	HIGH	LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	16.0				
LOW	HIGH	HIGH	HIGH	HIGH	HIGH	HIGH	HIGH	31.75				

Figure 4. Serial Mode Timing Diagram



The serial interface is a 16-bit shift register made up of two words. The first 8-bit word is the Attenuation word, which controls the DSA state.

The second word is the address word, which uses only 3 of 8-bits that must match the hard wired A0-A2 programming in order to change the DSA state. If no external connections are made to A0 - A2 then internally they will default to 000 due to internal pull down resistors.

If these 3 external preset address bits are not matched with the SPI loaded address bits then the current attenuator state will remain unchanged.

This allows up to 8 serial-controlled devices to be used on a single board, which share a common DATA, CLK and LE. **(Figure 5)**

Table 9. Serial Interface Timing Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f_{CLK}	Serial data clock frequency			10	MHz
t _{AS}	Address setup time	100			ns
t _{AH}	Address hold time	100			ns
t _{PSS}	P/S setup time	100			ns
t _{PSH}	P/S hold time	100			ns
t _{ss}	Serial Data setup time	10			ns
t _{sh}	Serial Data hold time	10			ns
t _{SCKH}	Serial clock high time	30			ns
t _{SCKL}	Serial clock low time	30			ns
t _{LN}	LE setup time	10			ns
t _{LEW}	Minimum LE pulse width	30			ns



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Figure 5. Multi Device Addressing Scheme using SPI

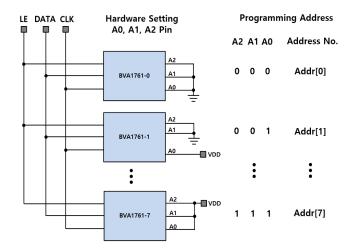


Table 10. Truth Table for Address Control Word

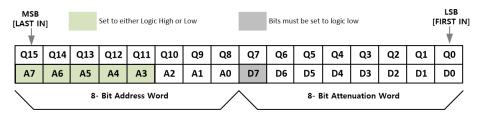
	ļ								
A7	A6	A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 A0					A0	Address	Addr No.
(MSB)							(LSB)	Setting	
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	LOW	LOW	LOW	000	Addr[0]
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	LOW	LOW	HIGH	001	Addr[1]
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	LOW	HIGH	LOW	010	Addr[2]
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	LOW	HIGH	HIGH	011	Addr[3]
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	HIGH	LOW	LOW	100	Addr[4]
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	HIGH	LOW	HIGH	101	Addr[5]
Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	HIGH	HIGH	LOW	110	Addr[6]
Х	Х	Χ	Х	Х	HIGH	HIGH	HIGH	111	Addr[7]

Serial Register Map

The BVA1761 can be programmed via the serial control on the rising edge of Latch Enable (LE) which loads the last 8-bits attenuation word and 8-bits address word in the SHIFT Register. Data is clocked in LSB(D0) first.

The shift register must be loaded while LE is kept LOW to prevent changing the attenuation value during data is inputted.

Figure 6. Serial Register Map



The serial register consist of 16 bits as shown in Figure 6. First 8 bits from LSB are Attenuation word, 8 bits after that are Address word. The Attenuation word is DSA attenuation control bit and the Address word is static logical bit determined by A0, A1 and A2 digital inputs. The attenuation word is derived directly from the value of the attenuation state. To find the attenuation word, multiply the value of the state by four because of 0.25dB step up to 31.75dB (total 127 Attenuation state), then convert to binary.

For example, to program attenuation 15.75dB state of Addr[5] BVA1761:

Attenuation State Address state

4 x 15.75 = 63 Digital input of A2, A1, A0 pin = 101

63 -> 00111111 A7 - A0 : xxxxx101

Serial DATA Input: xxxxx10100111111

Х	Х	х	х	Х	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Α7	Α6	A5	A4	А3	A2	Α1	A0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0

Power-Up state Settings

The BVA1761 will always initialize to the minimum Gain state (Max Attenuation = 31.75dB) on power-up and will remain in this setting until the user latches in the next programming word.

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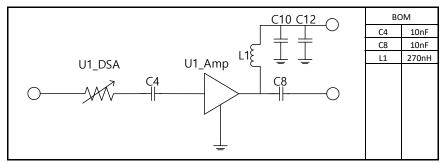


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Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit: 50 ~ 500MHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 11

Table 11. 50 ~ 500MHz IF Application Circuit



This value can be changed little by little according to the frequency band and bandwidth.

Table 12. Typical IF Performance @ VDD = 5V

Parameter		Unit		
Parameter	70	200	500	MHz
Gain ¹	20.9	20.9	20.6	dB
S11	-9.7	-15.3	-15.2	dB
S22	-16.1	-22.5	-20.1	dB
OIP3 ²	35.6	37.2	37.0	dBm
P1dB	20.8	21.9	21.9	dBm
Noise Figure	1.6	1.7	1.7	dB

^{1.} Gain data has PCB & Connectors insertion loss de-embedded

Table 13. Typical IF Performance @ VDD = 3.3V

Danamatan		Unit		
Parameter	70	200	500	MHz
Gain ¹	20.4	20.5	20.2	dB
S11	-9.1	-14.1	-13.9	dB
S22	-14.9	-20.2	-17.9	dB
OIP3 ²	31.0 32.9		32.8	dBm
P1dB	17.5 18.7 18		18.7	dBm
Noise Figure	1.6	1.6	1.8	dB

^{1.} Gain data has PCB & Connectors insertion loss de-embedded

Figure 7. Gain vs. Frequency @ VDD = 5V over Temperature

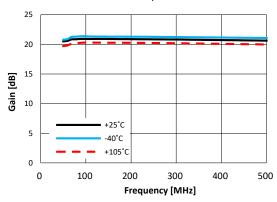
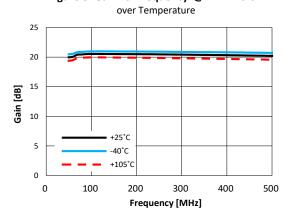


Figure 8. Gain vs. Frequency @ VDD = 3.3V



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^{2.} OIP3 _ measured with two tones at an output of 0 dBm per tone separated by 1 MHz.

^{2.} OIP3 $_$ measured with two tones at an output of 0 dBm per tone separated by 1 MHz.



50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:50 ~ 500MHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 11

Figure 9. Gain vs. Frequency over Major Attenuation States 30 20 10 Gain [dB] 0 -10 -20 0.25dB 0.5dB 0dB 1dB 2dB 4dR -30 8dB 16dB 31.75dB -40 100 0 200 300 400 500 Frequency [MHz]

Figure 10. Gain vs. Frequency vs VDD

Max Gain States

24

22

18

16

10

100

200

300

400

500

Frequency [MHz]

Figure 11. Input Return Loss vs. Frequency over Temperature (Min¹ / Max Gain State)

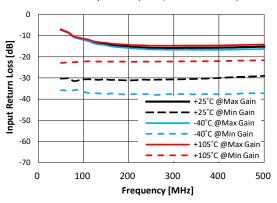
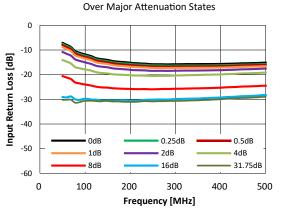


Figure 12. Input Return Loss vs. Frequency



1.Min Gain was measured in the state is set with attenuation 31.75dB.

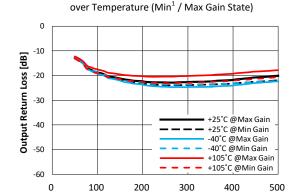
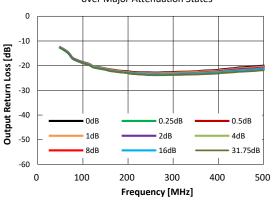


Figure 13. Output Return Loss vs. Frequency

Figure 14. Output Return Loss vs. Frequency over Major Attenuation States



1.Min Gain was measured in the state is set with attenuation 31.75dB.

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Frequency [MHz]



50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:50 ~ 500MHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 11

Figure 15. OIP3 vs. Frequency vs. VDD

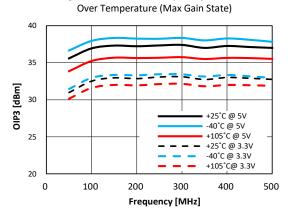


Figure 16. OIP3 vs. Frequency vs VDD

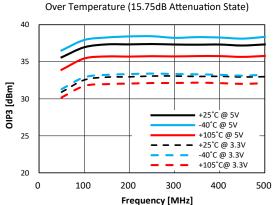


Figure 17. P1dB vs. Frequency vs VDD

Over Temperature (Max Gain State)

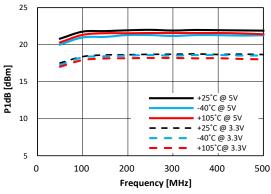


Figure 18. Noise Figure vs. Frequency @ VDD = 5V Over Temperature (Max Gain State)

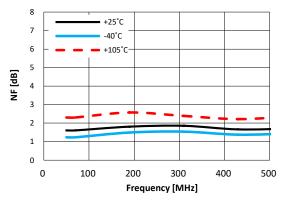
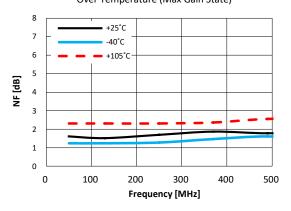


Figure 19. Noise Figure vs. Frequency @ VDD = 3.3V Over Temperature (Max Gain State)



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11



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Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:50 ~ 500MHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 11

Figure 20. Attenuation Error vs Frequency

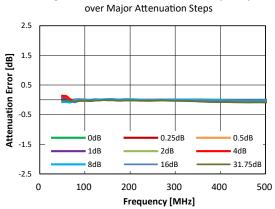


Figure 21. Attenuation Error vs Attenuation Setting

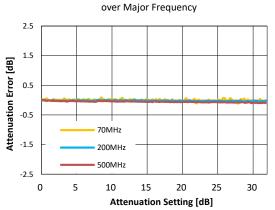


Figure 22. Attenuation Error at 70MHz vs Temperature

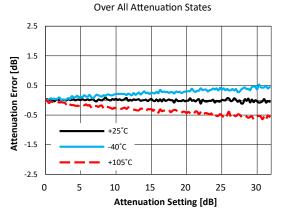


Figure 23. Attenuation Error at 200MHz vs Temperature

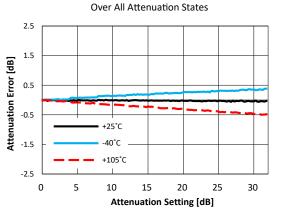
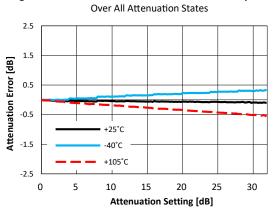


Figure 24. Attenuation Error at 500MHz vs Temperature



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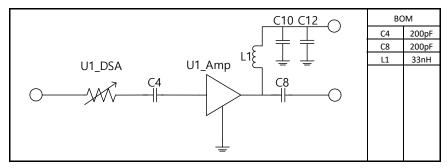


50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:700 ~ 1000MHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 14

Table 14. 700 ~ 1000MHz RF Application Circuit



This value can be changed little by little according to the frequency band and bandwidth.

Table 15. Typical RF Performance @ VDD = 5V

		Unit		
Parameter	700	700 800 900		MHz
Gain ¹	20.2	20.1	20.0	dB
S11	-13.6	-13.6 -14.0 -14.1		dB
S22	-14.4	-15.3	3 -15.9 d	
OIP3 ²	37.7 37.7 37.5		dBm	
P1dB	21.9 21.8		21.8	dBm
Noise Figure	1.9	1.9	2.0	dB

- 1. Gain data has PCB & Connectors insertion loss de-embedded
- 2. OIP3 $_$ measured with two tones at an output of 0 dBm per tone separated by 1 MHz.

Table 16. Typical RF Performance @ VDD = 3.3V

		Unit				
Parameter	700	800	900	MHz		
Gain ¹	19.7	19.6	19.6	dB		
S11	-12.7	-13.0	-13.1	dB		
S22	-14.2	-15.0	-15.4	dB		
OIP3 ²	33.1	33.1 33.4		33.1 33.4 33.1		dBm
P1dB	18.6 18.7		18.6	dBm		
Noise Figure	1.9	1.9	2.0	dB		

- 1. Gain data has PCB & Connectors insertion loss de-embedded
- 2. OIP3 $_$ measured with two tones at an output of 0 dBm per tone separated by 1 MHz.

Figure 25. Gain vs. Frequency @ VDD = 5V over Temperature

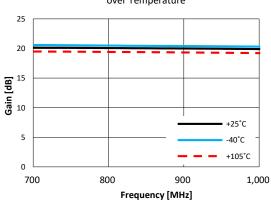
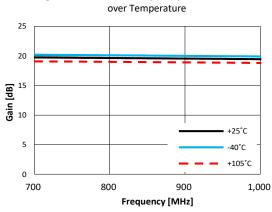


Figure 26. Gain vs. Frequency @ VDD = 3.3V



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50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:700 ~ 1000MHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 14

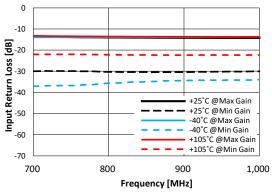
Figure 27. Gain vs. Frequency over Major Attenuation States 30 20 10 0 Gain [dB] -10 -20 0dB 0.25dB 0.5dB 1dB 2dB 4dB -30 8dB 16dB 31.75dB -40 700 800 900 1,000

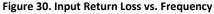
Figure 28. Gain vs. Frequency vs VDD Max Gain States 23 21 **Gain [dB]** 17 15 3 31 13 700 800 900 1,000 Frequency [MHz]

Figure 29. Input Return Loss vs. Frequency

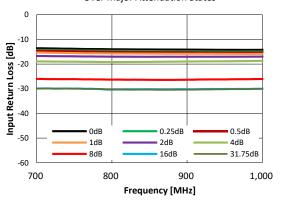
Frequency [MHz]

over Temperature (Min¹ / Max Gain State)





Over Major Attenuation States



1.Min Gain was measured in the state is set with attenuation 31.75dB.

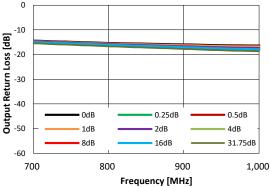
Figure 31. Output Return Loss vs. Frequency over Temperature (Min¹ / Max Gain State)

0 Output Return Loss [dB] +25°C @Max Gain +25°C @Min Gain -40°C @Max Gain -40°C @Min Gain +105°C @Max Gain +105°C @Min Gain

0

Figure 32. Output Return Loss vs. Frequency

over Major Attenuation States



1.Min Gain was measured in the state is set with attenuation 31.75dB.

800

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-60

700

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900

Frequency [MHz]

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1,000



50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:700 ~ 1000MHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 14

Figure 33. OIP3 vs. Frequency vs. VDD

Over Temperature (Max Gain State)

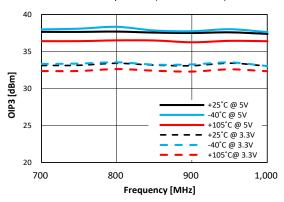


Figure 34. OIP3 vs. Frequency vs. VDD

Over Temperature (15.75dB Attenuation State)

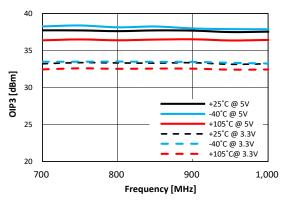


Figure 35. P1dB vs. Frequency vs. VDD

Over Temperature (Max Gain State)

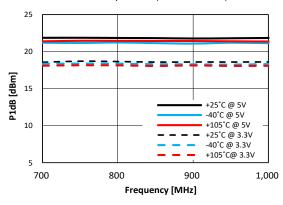


Figure 36. Noise Figure vs. Frequency @ VDD = 5V

Over Temperature (Max Gain State)

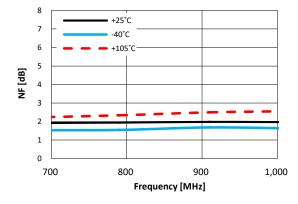
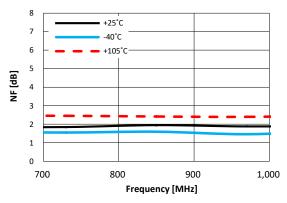


Figure 37. Noise Figure vs. Frequency @ VDD = 3.3V

Over Temperature (Max Gain State)



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50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:700 ~ 1000MHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 14

Figure 38. Attenuation Error vs Frequency

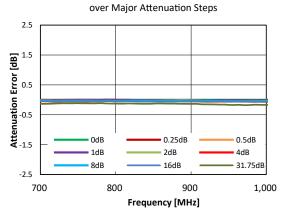


Figure 39. Attenuation Error vs Attenuation Setting

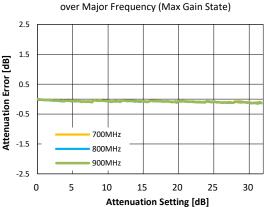


Figure 40. Attenuation Error at 700MHz vs Temperature

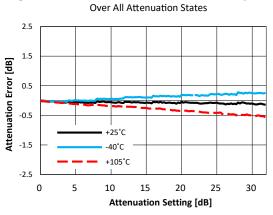


Figure 41. Attenuation Error at 800MHz vs Temperature

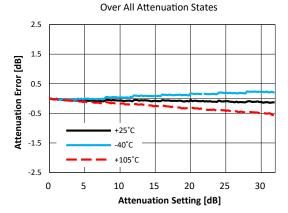
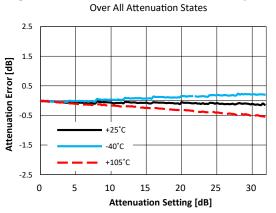


Figure 42. Attenuation Error at 900MHz vs Temperature



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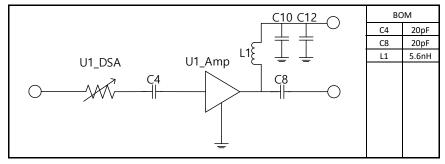


50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:1.7 ~ 2.7GHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 17

Table 17. 1.7 ~ 2.7GHz RF Application Circuit



This value can be changed little by little according to the frequency band and bandwidth.

Table 18. Typical RF Performance @ VDD = 5V

Parameter	Frequency			Unit	
Parameter	1800	2140	2650	MHz	
Gain ¹	18.7	18.7 18.6 18.		dB	
S11	-11.9	-14.6	-17.3	dB	
S22	-12.3 -17.8		-13.8	dB	
OIP3 ²	36.9 36.8 36.9		dBm		
P1dB	20.9 20.6 20		20.6	dBm	
Noise Figure	2.1	2.3	2.3	dB	

^{1.} Gain data has PCB & Connectors insertion loss de-embedded

Table 19. Typical RF Performance @ VDD = 3.3V

	Unit		
1800	2140	2650	MHz
18.2	18.1	17.5	dB
-11.2	-13.4	-15.7	dB
-12.6	-17.1	-12.5	dB
33.3	33.4	33.0	dBm
18.0	17.5	17.8	dBm
2.1 2.3 2.4		dB	
	18.2 -11.2 -12.6 33.3 18.0 2.1	1800 2140 18.2 18.1 -11.2 -13.4 -12.6 -17.1 33.3 33.4 18.0 17.5 2.1 2.3	18.2 18.1 17.5 -11.2 -13.4 -15.7 -12.6 -17.1 -12.5 33.3 33.4 33.0 18.0 17.5 17.8 2.1 2.3 2.4

^{1.} Gain data has PCB & Connectors insertion loss de-embedded

Figure 43. Gain vs. Frequency @ VDD = 5V over Temperature

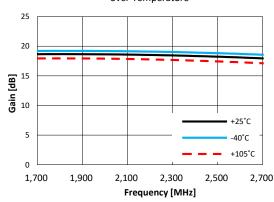
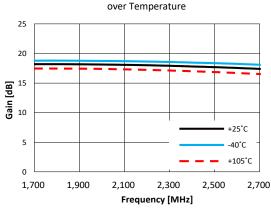


Figure 44. Gain vs. Frequency @ VDD = 3.3V



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^{2.} OIP3 _ measured with two tones at an output of 0 dBm per tone separated by 1MHz.

^{2.} OIP3 _ measured with two tones at an output of 0 dBm per tone separated by 1MHz.



1,700

1,900

High Linearity wideband DVGA with addressable function

50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:1.7 ~ 2.7GHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 17

Figure 45. Gain vs. Frequency over Major Attenuation States 30 20 10 Gain [dB] 0 -10 -20 0.25dB 0.5dB -30 4dB 1dB 2dB 8dB 16dB 31.75dB -40

2,100

Figure 47. Input Return Loss vs. Frequency over Temperature (Min¹ / Max Gain State)

2,300

Frequency [MHz]

2,500

2,700

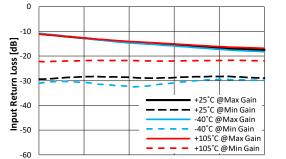
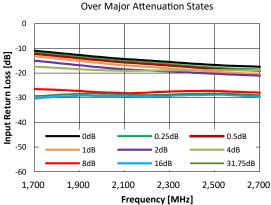


Figure 48. Input Return Loss vs. Frequency



1.Min Gain was measured in the state is set with attenuation 31.75dB.

2,100

1,900

1,700

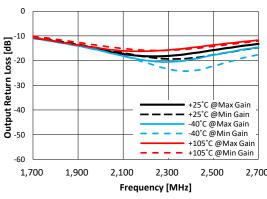
Figure 49. Output Return Loss vs. Frequency over Temperature (Min¹ / Max Gain State)

2,300

Frequency [MHz]

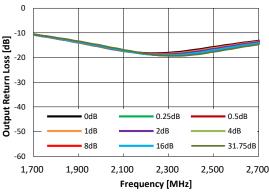
2,500

2.700



over Major Attenuation States

Figure 50. Output Return Loss vs. Frequency



1.Min Gain was measured in the state is set with attenuation 31.75dB.

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50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:1.7 ~ 2.7GHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 17

Figure 51. OIP3 vs. Frequency vs. VDD

Over Temperature (Max Gain State) 40 35 OIP3 [dBm] +25[°]C @ 5V -40°C @ 5V 25 +105°C @ 5V +25°C @ 3.3V -40°C @ 3.3V +105°C@ 3.3V 20 1,700 1,900 2,100 2,300 2,500 2,700

Figure 52. OIP3 vs. Frequency vs. VDD

2,100

2,300

Frequency [MHz]

2,500

2,700

1,700

1,900

Figure 53. P1dB vs. Frequency vs. VDD

Frequency [MHz]

Over Temperature (Max Gain State) 25 20 P1dB [dBm] +25°C @ 5V -40°C @ 5V 10 +105°C @ 5V +25°C @ 3.3V +105°C@ 3.3V 1,900 1,700 2,300 2,100 2,500 2,700



Figure 55. Noise Figure vs. Frequency @ VDD = 3.3V Over Temperature (Max Gain State)

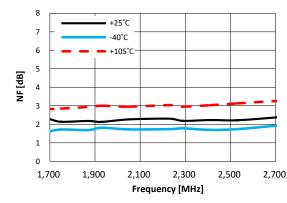


Figure 54. Noise Figure vs. Frequency @ VDD = 5V
Over Temperature (Max Gain State)

Frequency [MHz]

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50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:1.7~ 2.7GHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 17

Figure 56. Attenuation Error vs Frequency

over Major Attenuation Steps 2.5 **Attenuation Error [dB]** 0.5 -0.5 -1.5 4dB 1dB 2dB 8dB 16dB 31.75dB -2.5 2,100 1,900 2,300 2,500 2,700 1,700 Frequency [MHz]

Figure 57. Attenuation Error vs Attenuation Setting

over Major Frequency (Max Gain State) 2.5 1.5 Attenuation Error [dB] -0.5 1.8GHz -1.5 2.14GHz 2.65GHz -2.5 25 15 20 30 0 10

Figure 58. Attenuation Error at 1.8GHz vs Temperature

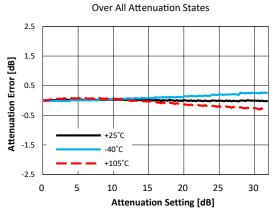
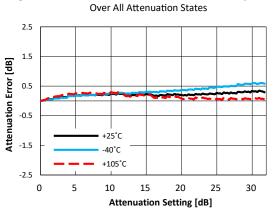


Figure 59. Attenuation Error at 2.14GHz vs Temperature

Attenuation Setting [dB]

Over All Attenuation States 2.5 1.5 Attenuation Error [dB] 0.5 +25°C -40°C +105°C -2.5 20 25 0 5 10 15 30 Attenuation Setting [dB]

Figure 60. Attenuation Error at 2.65GHz vs Temperature



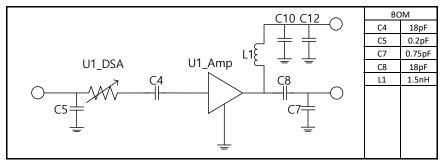


50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:3.3 ~ 4GHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 20

Table 20. 3.3 ~ 4GHz RF Application Circuit



This value can be changed little by little according to the frequency band and bandwidth.

Table 21. Typical RF Performance @ VDD = 5V

Davamatav		Unit		
Parameter	3500	3700	3900	MHz
Gain ¹	17.0	16.8	16.5	dB
S11	-11.0 -10.7		-11.2	dB
S22	-13.3 -16.6		-20.8	dB
OIP3 ²	OIP3 ² 37.5 36.6 36.9		36.9	dBm
P1dB	19.9 20.1		19.9	dBm
Noise Figure	2.8	3.0	3.0	dB

^{1.} Gain data has PCB & Connectors insertion loss de-embedded

Table 22. Typical RF Performance @ VDD = 3.3V

Danamatan		Unit			
Parameter	3500	3700	3900	MHz	
Gain ¹	16.5	16.3	16.0	dB	
S11	-10.5 -10.2 -10.		-10.8	dB	
S22	-14.0	-18.8	-25.1	dB	
OIP3 ²	33.4 32.7 32.4		32.4	dBm	
P1dB	16.8 17.0		17.0	dBm	
Noise Figure	2.8	3.0	3.0	dB	

^{1.} Gain data has PCB & Connectors insertion loss de-embedded

Figure 61. Gain vs. Frequency @ VDD = 5V over Temperature

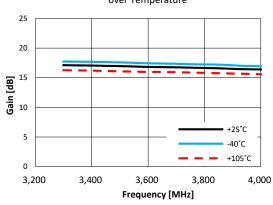
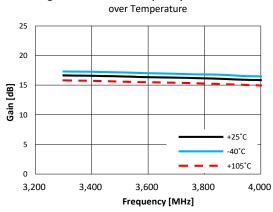


Figure 62. Gain vs. Frequency @ VDD = 3.3V



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OIP3 _ measured with two tones at an output of 0 dBm per tone separated by 1MHz.

^{2.} OIP3 $_$ measured with two tones at an output of 0 dBm per tone separated by 1MHz.



0

Input Return Loss [dB]

-40

-50

-60

3,200

High Linearity wideband DVGA with addressable function

50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:3.3 ~ 4GHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 20

over Major Attenuation States

Figure 63. Gain vs. Frequency

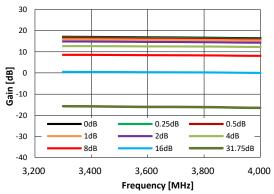


Figure 64. Gain vs. Frequency vs VDD

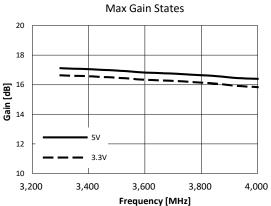


Figure 65. Input Return Loss vs. Frequency over Temperature (Min¹ / Max Gain State)

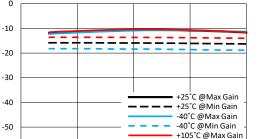
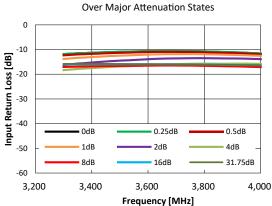


Figure 66. Input Return Loss vs. Frequency



1.Min Gain was measured in the state is set with attenuation 31.75dB.

3,400

Figure 67. Output Return Loss vs. Frequency over Temperature (Min¹ / Max Gain State)

3,600

Frequency [MHz]

3,800

4,000

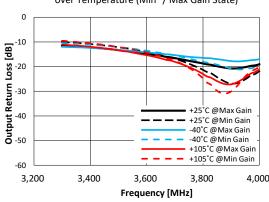
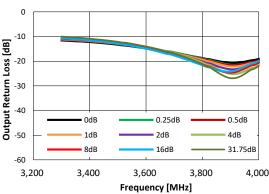


Figure 68. Output Return Loss vs. Frequency over Major Attenuation States



1.Min Gain was measured in the state is set with attenuation 31.75dB.

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3,200

3,400

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50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:3.3 ~ 4GHz)

+105°C@ 3.3V

3,800

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 20

Over Temperature (Max Gain State) 40 35 OIP3 [dBm] -40°C @ 5V 25 +105°C @ 5V +25°C@3.3V -40°C @ 3.3V

Figure 69. OIP3 vs. Frequency vs. VDD

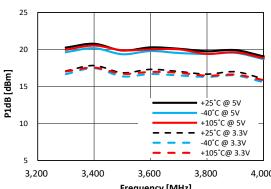
Figure 70. OIP3 vs. Frequency vs. VDD Over Temperature (15.75dB Attenuation State) 40 35 OIP3 [dBm] -40°C @ 5V 25 +105°C @ 5V +25°C @ 3.3V -40°C @ 3.3V +105°C@ 3.3V 20 3,200 3,400 3,600 3,800 4,000

Frequency [MHz]

Figure 71. P1dB vs. Frequency vs. VDD Over Temperature (Max Gain State)

3,600

Frequency [MHz]



4,000 Frequency [MHz]

Figure 72. Noise Figure vs. Frequency @ VDD = 5V

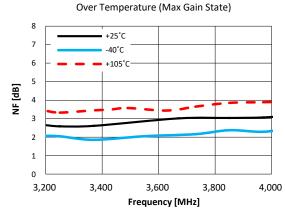
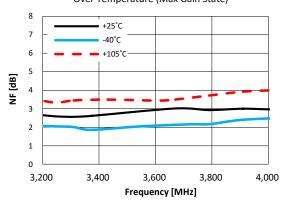


Figure 73. Noise Figure vs. Frequency @ VDD = 3.3V Over Temperature (Max Gain State)



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50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:3.3~ 4GHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 20

Figure 74. Attenuation Error vs Frequency

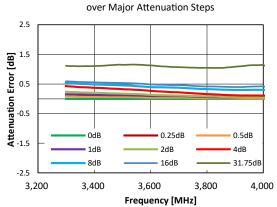


Figure 75. Attenuation Error vs Attenuation Setting

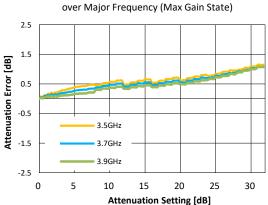


Figure 76. Attenuation Error at 3.5GHz vs Temperature

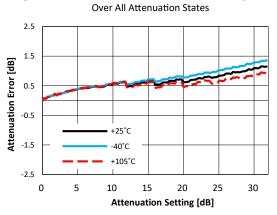


Figure 77. Attenuation Error at 3.7GHz vs Temperature

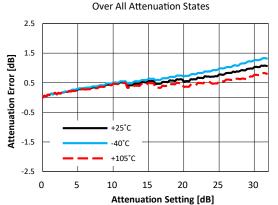
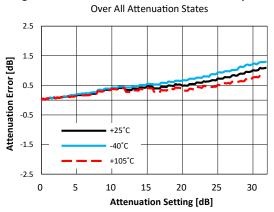


Figure 78. Attenuation Error at 3.9GHz vs Temperature



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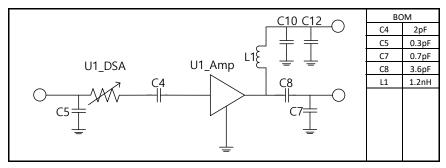


50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:4.4 ~ 4.9GHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 23

Table 23. 4.4 ~ 4.9GHz RF Application Circuit



This value can be changed little by little according to the frequency band and bandwidth.

Table 24. Typical RF Performance @ VDD = 5V

Danamatan		Unit		
Parameter	4400	4650	4900	MHz
Gain ¹	Gain ¹ 16.1 16.0 15.5		dB	
\$11	-12.1	-12.1 -12.9		dB
S22	-11.7 -14.5		-10.4	dB
OIP3 ²	OIP3 ² 36.6 36.4 36.4		dBm	
P1dB	20.5 19.2		18.8	dBm
Noise Figure	3.1	3.3	3.3	dB

^{1.} Gain data has PCB & Connectors insertion loss de-embedded

Table 25. Typical RF Performance @ VDD = 3.3V

Davamatav		Unit		
Parameter	4400	4650	4900	MHz
Gain ¹	15.5	15.4	14.8	dB
\$11	-11.3	-11.9	-12.4	dB
S22	-11.3	-12.9	-8.9	dB
OIP3 ²	DIP3 ² 34.0 34.1 32.8		32.8	dBm
P1dB	17.3 16.6		15.2	dBm
Noise Figure	3.1	3.4	3.4	dB

^{1.} Gain data has PCB & Connectors insertion loss de-embedded

Figure 79. Gain vs. Frequency @ VDD = 5V over Temperature

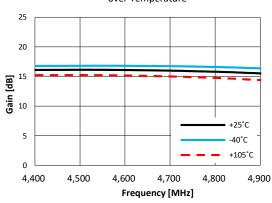


Figure 80. Gain vs. Frequency @ VDD = 3.3V

over Temperature

25
20
15
10
5
4,400
4,500
4,600
4,700
4,800
4,900
Frequency [MHz]

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OIP3 measured with two tones at an output of 0 dBm per tone separated by 1MHz.

OIP3 _ measured with two tones at an output of 0 dBm per tone separated by 1MHz.



4,400

4,500

High Linearity wideband DVGA with addressable function

50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:4.4 ~ 4.9GHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 23

Figure 81. Gain vs. Frequency over Major Attenuation States 30 20 10 Gain [dB] 0 -10 -20 0.25dB 0.5dB 0dB 1dB 2dB 4dB -30 8dB 16dB 31.75dB -40

4,600

Figure 82. Gain vs. Frequency vs VDD Max Gain States 19 17 15 Gain [dB] 13 5V 11 9 4,500 4,700 4,800 4,900 4.400 4.600

Figure 83. Input Return Loss vs. Frequency

4,700

Frequency [MHz]

4,800

4,900

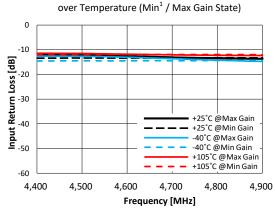
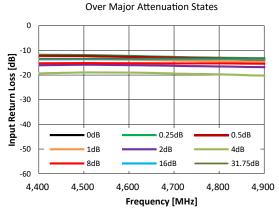


Figure 84. Input Return Loss vs. Frequency

Frequency [MHz]



1.Min Gain was measured in the state is set with attenuation 31.75dB.

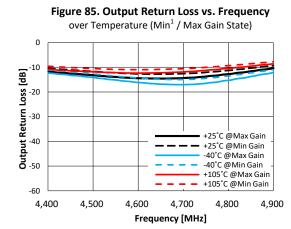
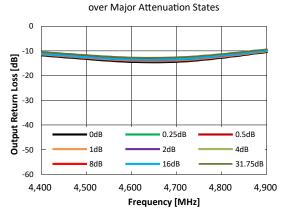


Figure 86. Output Return Loss vs. Frequency



1.Min Gain was measured in the state is set with attenuation 31.75dB.

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50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:4.4 ~ 4.9GHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 23

Figure 87. OIP3 vs. Frequency vs. VDD

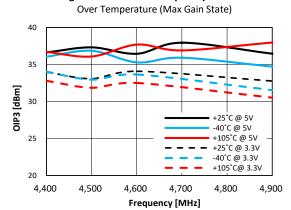


Figure 88. OIP3 vs. Frequency vs. VDD

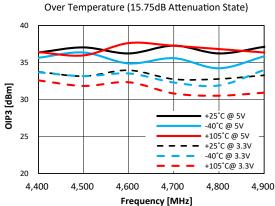
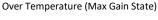


Figure 89. P1dB vs. Frequency vs. VDD



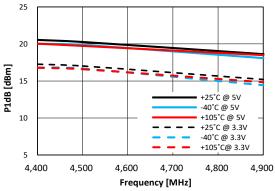


Figure 158. Noise Figure vs. Frequency @ VDD = 3.3V

Over Temperature (Max Gain State)

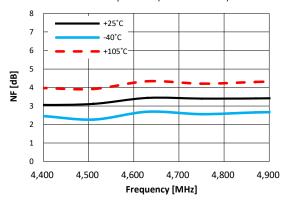
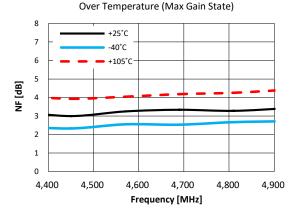


Figure 142. Noise Figure vs. Frequency @ VDD = 5V





50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:4.4~ 4.9GHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 23

Figure 90. Attenuation Error vs Frequency

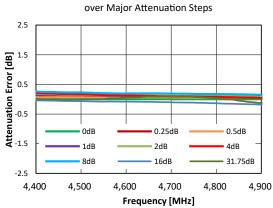


Figure 91. Attenuation Error vs Attenuation Setting

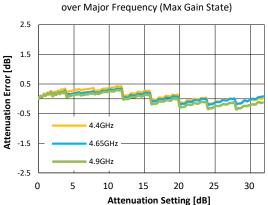


Figure 92. Attenuation Error at 4.4GHz vs Temperature

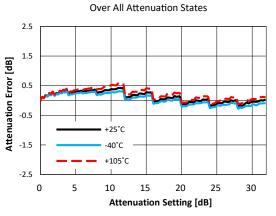


Figure 93. Attenuation Error at 4.65GHz vs Temperature

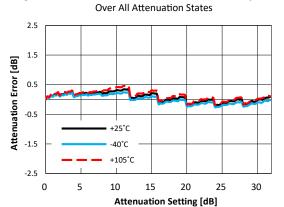
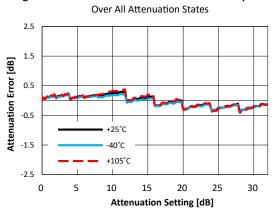


Figure 94. Attenuation Error at 4.9GHz vs Temperature



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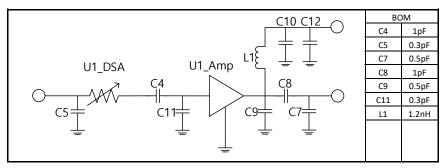


50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:5.5 ~ 5.8GHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 26

Table 26. 5.5 ~ 5.8GHz RF Application Circuit



This value can be changed little by little according to the frequency band and bandwidth.

Table 27. Typical RF Performance @ VDD = 5V

Damanadan	Frequ	Unit	
Parameter	5500	5800	MHz
Gain ¹	14.9	15.3	dB
S11	-13.1	-16.4	dB
S22	-6.9	-9.9	dB
OIP3 ²	37.0	34.2	dBm
P1dB	20.8	17.4	dBm
Noise Figure	3.6	3.7	dB

- 1. Gain data has PCB & Connectors insertion loss de-embedded
- OIP3 _ measured with two tones at an output of 0 dBm per tone separated by 1MHz.

Table 28. Typical RF Performance @ VDD = 3.3V

Danamatan	Frequ	Unit	
Parameter	5500	5800	MHz
Gain ¹	14.7	14.8	dB
S11	-12.3	-15.3	dB
S22	-7.3	-7.5	dB
OIP3 ²	33.0	28.7	dBm
P1dB	17.5	14.2	dBm
Noise Figure	3.5	3.8	dB

- 1. Gain data has PCB & Connectors insertion loss de-embedded
- 2. OIP3 $_$ measured with two tones at an output of 0 dBm per tone separated by 1MHz.

Figure 95. Gain vs. Frequency @ VDD = 5V

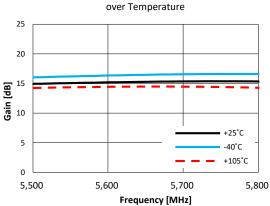
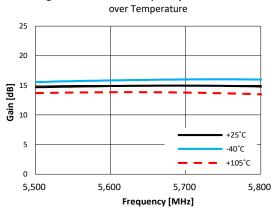


Figure 96. Gain vs. Frequency @ VDD = 3.3V



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50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:5.5 ~ 5.8GHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 26

Figure 97. Gain vs. Frequency over Major Attenuation States 30 20 10 Gain [dB] 0 -10 -20 0dB 0.25dB 0.5dB -30 1dB 2dB 4dB 31.75dB 8dB 16dB -40

5,600

5,500

Input Return Loss [dB]

-60

5,500

Figure 98. Gain vs. Frequency vs VDD Max Gain States 18 16 **Gain** [dB] 12 5V 10 8 5,600 5,700 5,800 5,500 Frequency [MHz]

Figure 99. Input Return Loss vs. Frequency over Temperature (Min¹ / Max Gain State)

Frequency [MHz]

5,700

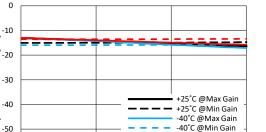
5,800

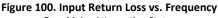
+105°C @Max Gain

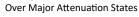
+105°C @Min Gain

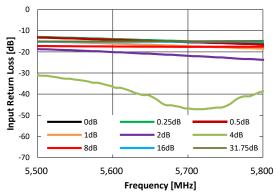
5,800

5,700









1.Min Gain was measured in the state is set with attenuation 31.75dB.

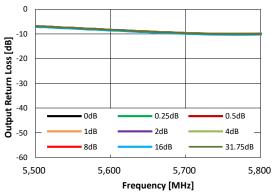
5,600

Figure 101. Output Return Loss vs. Frequency

Frequency [MHz]

over Temperature (Min¹ / Max Gain State) 0 Output Return Loss [dB] +25°C @Max Gain +25°C @Min Gain -40°C @Max Gain -40°C @Min Gain +105°C @Max Gain -60 5,500 5,600 5,700 Frequency [MHz]

Figure 102. Output Return Loss vs. Frequency over Major Attenuation States



1.Min Gain was measured in the state is set with attenuation 31.75dB.

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50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:5.5 ~ 5.8GHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 26

Figure 103. OIP3 vs. Frequency vs. VDD

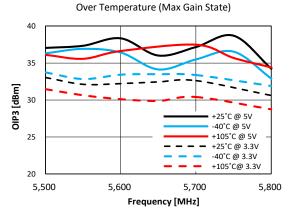


Figure 104. OIP3 vs. Frequency vs. VDD Over Temperature (15.75dB Attenuation State)

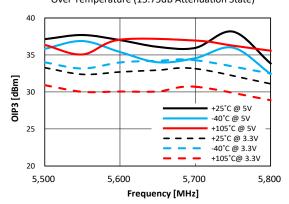


Figure 105. P1dB vs. Frequency vs. VDD

Over Temperature (Max Gain State)

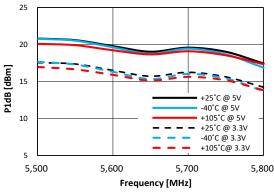


Figure 106. Noise Figure vs. Frequency @ VDD = 5V

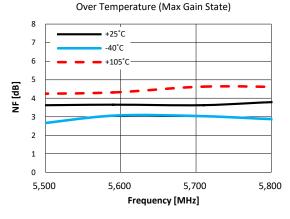
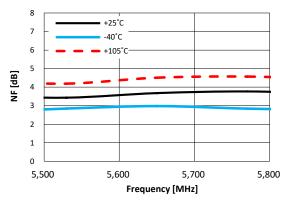


Figure 107. Noise Figure vs. Frequency @ VDD = 3.3V

Over Temperature (Max Gain State)



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50MHz - 6000MHz

Typical RF Performance Plot - BVA1761 EVK - PCB (Application Circuit:5.5 ~ 5.8GHz)

Typical Performance Data @ 25°C and VDD = 5V unless otherwise noted and Application Circuit refer to Table 26

Figure 108. Attenuation Error vs Frequency

over Major Attenuation Steps 2.5 1.5 Attenuation Error [dB] 0.25dB 0dB 1dB 2dB 4dB 8dB 16dB 31.75dB -2.5 5,600 5,700 5,800 5,500 Frequency [MHz]

Figure 109. Attenuation Error vs Attenuation Setting

over Major Frequency (Max Gain State) 2.5 1.5 Attenuation Error [dB] 0.5 -0.5 5.5GHz -1.5 5.8GHz -2.5 20 0 10 15 25 30 5 Attenuation Setting [dB]

Figure 110. Attenuation Error at 5.5GHz vs Temperature

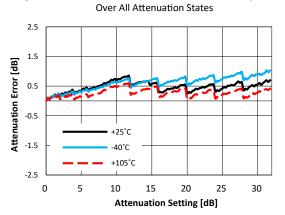


Figure 111. Attenuation Error at 5.8GHz vs Temperature

Over All Attenuation States

2.5

1.5

0.5

-0.5

-1.5

-40°C

+105°C

0 5 10 15 20 25 30

Attenuation Setting [dB]

1.Min Gain was measured in the state is set with attenuation 31.75dB.



50MHz - 6000MHz

Figure 112. Evaluation Board Schematic

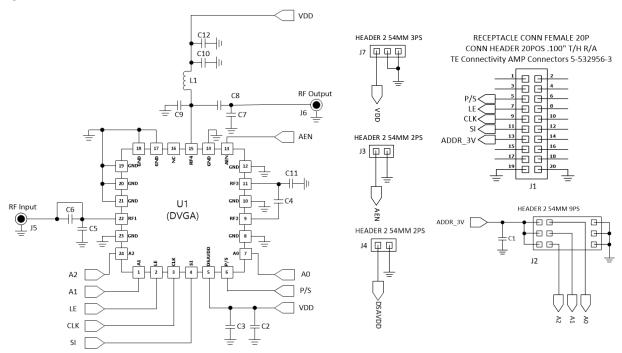


Figure 113. Evaluation Board PCB

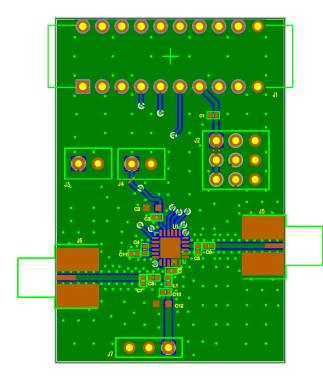


Table 29. Application Circuit

Application Circuit Values Example						
Frequency	50MHz ~ 800MHz	700MHz ~ 1GHz	1.7GHz ~ 2.7GHz	3.3GHz ~ 4GHz	4.4GHz ~ 4.9GHz	5.5GHz ~ 5.8GHz
L1	270nH	33nH	5.6nH	1.5nH	1.2nH	1.2nH
C4	10nF	100pF	20pF	20pF	2pF	1pF
C5	NC	NC	NC	0.2pF	0.3pF	0.3pF
C7	NC	NC	NC	0.75pF	0.7pF	0.5pF
C8	10nF	100pF	20pF	20pF	3.6pF	1pF
C9	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	0.5pF
C11	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC	0.3pF

Table 30. Bill of Material - Evaluation Board

No.	Ref Des	Qty	Part Number	REMARK
1	L1	2	IND 0402	Refer to Table 29
2	C1	1	CAP 0402 100nF	
3	C4, C8	2	CAP 0402	Refer to Table 29
4	C3, C10	2	CAP 0402 100pF	
5	C2, C12	2	CAP 0603 100nF	
6	C5, C6, C7, C9, C11	5	CAP 0402	Refer to Table 29
7	J1	1	20pin Receptacle connector	2.54mm, female
8	J2	1	3pin x 3 Header array	2.54mm, male
9	J3, J4	2	2pin Header	2.54mm, male
10	J5, J6	2	SMA_END_LAUNCH	RF SMA Connector
11	J3	1	3pin Header	2.54mm, male
12	U1	1	QFN4X4_24L_BVA1761	

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50MHz - 6000MHz

Figure 114. Suggested PCB Land Pattern and PAD Layout

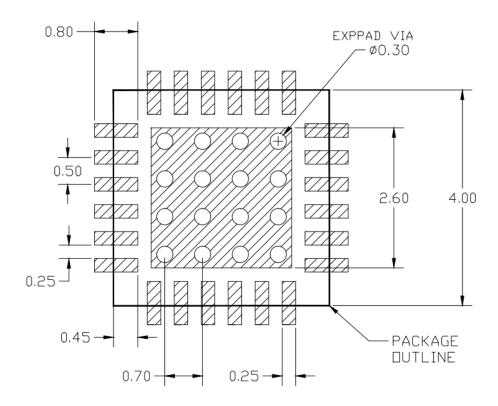
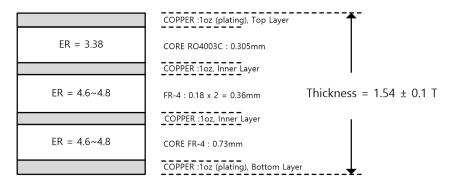


Figure 115. Evaluation Board PCB Layer Information



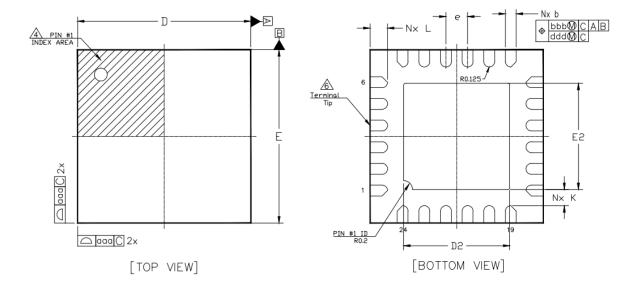
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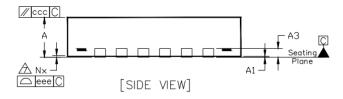
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50MHz - 6000MHz

Figure 116. Package Outline Dimension





NOTES:

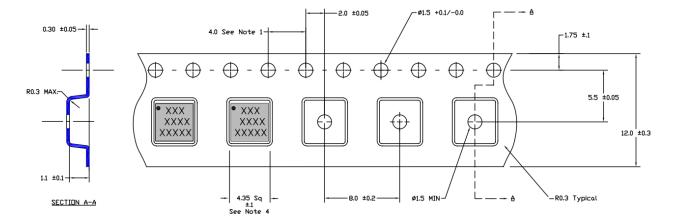
- 1. Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to ASME Y14.5—2009.
- 2. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 3. N is the total number of terminals.
- 4. The location of the marked terminal #1 identifier is within the hatched area.
- 5. ND and NE refer to the number of terminals each D and E side respectively.
- 6. Dimension b applies to the metallized terminal and is measured between 0.15mm and 0.3mm from the terminal tip. If the terminal has a radius on the other end of it, dimension b should not be measured in that radius area.
- 7. Coplanarity applies to the terminals and all other bottom surface metallization.

Dimension Table (Notes 1,2)					
Symbel Thickness	Min	Nominal	Max	Note	
Α	0.80	0.90	1.00		
A1	0.00	0.02	0.05		
A3		0.20 Ref.			
b	0.15	0.25	0.30	6	
D	4.00 BSC				
E	E 4.00 BSC				
e					
D2	2.30	2.45	2.55		
E2	2.30	2.45	2.55		
K	0.2				
L	0.30	0.40	0.50		
۵۵۵	0.05				
bbb	0.10				
ccc	0.10				
ddd	0.05				
eee	0.08				
N	24			3	
ND 6			5		
NE	6			5	



50MHz - 6000MHz

Figure 117. Tape & Reel



Packaging information:				
Tape Width	12mm			
Reel Size	7"			
Device Cavity Pitch	8mm			
Devices Per Reel	1K			

Figure 118. Package Marking



Marking information:				
BVA1761	Device Name			
YY	Year			
ww	Work Week			
XX Wafer Run Numb				





50MHz - 6000MHz

Lead plating finish

100% Tin Matte finish

(All BeRex products undergoes a 1 hour, 150 degree C, Anneal bake to eliminate thin whisker growth concerns.)

MSL / ESD Rating

ESD Rating: Class 1C

Value: ±1000V

Test: Human Body Model (HBM)

Standard: JEDEC Standard JS-001-2017

MSL Rating: Level 1 at +260°C convection reflow

Standard: JEDEC Standard J-STD-020



Proper ESD procedures should be followed when handling this device.

RoHS Compliance

This part is compliant with Restrictions on the use of certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment (RoHS) Directive 2011/65/EU as amended by Directive 2015/863/EU.

This product also is compliant with a concentration of the Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) candidate list which are contained in a quantity of less than 0.1%(w/w) in each components of a product and/or its packaging placed on the European Community market by the BeRex and Suppliers.

NATO CAGE code:

2	N	9	6	F
_		_	_	